

Reggio Calabria

Reggio Calabria is a city in the region of Calabria, which is in the south of the country.

Reggio is populated by 600,000 people and has around 97 towns.



Cesare's ice cream shop

- Cesare was born in 1918, after the 1908 earthquake as a small ice cream shop
- It is located between the Corso Garibaldi and the waterfront and it's a very small green kiosk
- Cesare make the best ice cream in Reggio Calabria and they create new flavours every day
- More than 40 different ice cream flavours can be found in this ice cream shop, some of their own creations are Cesarella, Italico and "Montalbano"



The Waterfront of Reggio Calabria

- The Waterfront of Reggio Calabria was built for the first time in 1785, but in 1908 It was destroyed by a big tsunami, and then rebuilt in 1911.
- Today the waterfront is considered one of the prettiest kilometers of Italy according to Gabriele D'Annunzio, one of the most important poets in Italy.
- Actually many people go on the waterfront to do physical activity, most of them run, but many ride bikes.





ARCHAEOLOGICAL NATIONAL MUSEUM

- The museum of Reggio Calabria which have a lot of finds. It is unique in Italy and is among the most important in Europe.
- The most important monuments are the Riace bronzes: two bronze statues discovered in 1972, who represent two warriors.
- The price for all people over 18 is €6; for children under 18 it's free.

If you'd like to go there from our school by foot, you have to proceed on Argine Destro Annunziata Street, next you turn towards Boccioni, at the roundabout take the first exit and follow Via Zerbi, then turn to Via Vollaro and finally turn left and go along the Corso Garibaldi. The museum is on the left.





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THE CATHEDRAL

- The cathedral of Reggio Calabria is one of the main icons of the city.
- The church has been damaged by earthquakes and wars over the centuries. The cathedral was rebuilt several times, most recently after the 1908 earthquake.
- You have to walk from our school to the Archeological National Museum, next walk along Corso Garibaldi for 1.3 kilometres. The destination is on the left.
- The initial design is from the engineer P. Carmelo Umberto Angiolini and then modified by the engineer Mariano Francesconi. The new church was built in 1928.





ARAGONESE CASTLE

- Aragonese Castle is considered one of the Reggio Calabria's icons.
- Its foundation dates back to the Byzantine period, between the 9th and 11th centuries.
- Under the orders of King Ferdinand I of Aragon the structure had some radical changes with the addition of two impressive circular towers.
- The tickets cost around € 2.
- To get there, you have to walk from our school to the National Archeological Museum, next walk along Corso Garibaldi to Via Cattolica dei Greci, from here go up to Via Aschenez and walk straight for 240 metres. The castle is on the left.





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Thank you for
listening!

Do you have any
questions?

